



Instruction manual ADI352-BTVA\_NO\_(EN)\_V01 02/2024

BTV REAL TIME

Reference: ADI352-100 & ADI352-500

Test for the detection of Bluetongue Virus (BTV) by real time enzymatic amplification

PCR Test - 100 & 500 reactions

# For veterinary in vitro use only







Sample	Individual analysis	Pool of sample possible*, up to:
Blood	✓	✓
Organ (spleen and abortive tissues)	✓	✓

<sup>\*</sup> Depending on the epidemiological case and on the quality of samples.

# Kit composition

Content		ADI352-100 Kit	ADI352-500 Kit
		100 reactions	500 reactions
A5 Amplification solution		2 x 1000 μL tubes with green cap	10 x 1000 μL tubes with green cap
Amplification solution	Amplification solution	(Ready to use)	(Ready to use)
BTV CTL+	Physican views positive control	1 tube with purple cap	2 tubes with purple cap
BTV CTL+ Bluetongue Virus positive control		(To reconstitute)	(To reconstitute)
NF-Water	Nuclease-Free Water	1 x 1000 μL tube with white cap	1 x 1000 μL tube1 with white cap
ivr-vvatei		(Ready to use)	(Ready to use)

# Revision history

Date	Version	Modifications
01/2020	NE352-07	Addition of NF-Water tube in the kit.
02/2024	V01	New presentation.  Addition of Organ (spleen and abortive tissue) matrix.

Note: minor typographical, grammar and formatting changes are not included in the revision history.

## A. Introduction

The bluetongue virus is a non-contagious viral arthropod-borne infectious disease due to an Orbivirus (family Reoviridae, virus ARN), mainly transmitted by hematophageous midges from Culicoides genus.

The clinical expression is widely dependent on the environmental parameters (nutritional state, parasitism and bacterial infections concomitant) and on the individual sensitivity. 26 distinct serotypes exist inducing partial or no cross protections between them. Transmission by pregnant ewes has also been described. Transmission by contaminated blood injection is possible when needles and syringes are re-used.

Samples for virus detection are bloods of animals with anticoagulants (EDTA). Virus is detected by isolation on embryonated eggs, *in vitro* cell culture, immunofluorescence on cell culture or by PCR.

## B. Test principle

ADIAVET™ BTV REAL TIME test is based on the reverse transcription (RT) of RNA into complementary DNA. This reaction is followed by gene amplification of Bluetongue Virus specific DNA fragments. This test is intended to detect simultaneously, in one well:

- Bluetongue Virus (FAM labelled probe)
- GAPDH internal control of extraction and amplification specific from an endogenous nucleic acid (HEX labelled probe or its equivalent).

No cross-reaction has been observed with EHDV strains.

## C. Storage conditions

On receipt, the kit should be stored at <-15 °C until the expiration date

It is recommended to make fractions of A5 solution if it should be defrosted more than 3 times.

Do not thaw more than 3 times.

Store away from sunlight.

Do not mix reagents of two different batches.

# D. Material required but not provided

- Real-time Thermal cycler and device.
- Instrument for homogenous mixing of tubes.
- Pipettes of 1 10 μL, 20 200 μL and 200 1000 μL.
- Nuclease-free filtered pipette tips.
- Nuclease-free microtubes of 1,5 mL and 2 mL.
- Powdered-free latex or nitrile gloves.
- Nuclease-free water.
- Kit for nucleic acids extraction.

## Additional kits for method adoption and PCR

Extraction Positive Control BTV (Ref.: ADC35EPC). Supplier reference material used as a sentinel (Calibrated between 1 and 100xLOD<sub>Method</sub>).

■ LD<sub>PCR</sub> Positive Control – BTV (Ref.: ADC35LD) Confirmation of performances – LOD<sub>PCR</sub> of kit.

## E. Warnings and precautions

- For veterinary in vitro use only.
- For animal use only.
- For professional use only.
- All instructions must be read before performing the test and strictly respected.
- Do not use reagents after the expiration date.
- Do not use reagents if the packaging is damaged.
- Do not open PCR wells or tubes after amplification.

- Do not mix reagents from different batches.
- Used material must be disposed of in compliance with the legislation in force regarding environmental protection and biological waste management.
- This kit contains products of animal origin. Certified knowledge of the origin and/or sanitary state of the animals does not totally guarantee the absence of transmissible pathogenic agents. It is therefore recommended that these products be treated as potentially infectious and handled observing the usual safety precautions (do not ingest or inhale).

## F. Nucleic acids extraction

### 1. Extraction kits

Nucleic acids must be extracted from the samples before using the kit. The RNA/DNA purification kits listed below are recommended by Bio-X Diagnostics:

Product name	Extraction system	Number of tests and reference
ADIAMAG <sup>TM</sup>	Magnetic beads	200 tests: ref. NADI003 800 tests: ref. NADI003-XL

For the extraction, consult the user manual version, available on the website, indicated on the certificate of analysis included in the PCR kit of interest.

Extraction protocols are described in validation data. Other purification kits can be used if they have been validated by the user.

After extraction, nucleic acid extracts can be kept on ice or at +2/8 °C until use. For long term storage, they must be kept at a temperature below -15 °C or -65 °C.

#### 2. Controls

Using controls allow to verify the reliability of the results. Controls can be included by series of analysis according to the recommendations defined by the standards in force (Cf. AFNOR U47-600...).

Controls	Validation of	How to proceed
No Template Control (NTC)	Absence of amplification contamination	5 μL NF-Water in a well per run
BTV CTL+	BTV target amplification	5 μL CTL+ in a well per run
Negative extraction control	Absence of contamination for the extraction and amplification	1 extraction (water or lysis buffer) per run
Positive extraction control	Extraction and amplification	1 extraction (Positive sample between 1 et 100X LOD <sub>Method</sub> ) per run

### G. Procedure

### 1. Use of CTL+

- Add 200 μL of « NF-Water » per tube.
- Homogenize the tubes using a mixer, such as vortex, > 20 seconds and until dissolution of the blue pellet.
- After reconstitution, aliquot and store the solution at a temperature below -15 °C until the kit expiration date. Do not thaw more than 3 times.

For each assay, use **5 \mu L** of CTL+ in one of the dedicated wells (see § « Amplification », Step 2).

#### 2. Denaturation of nucleic acids extracts

- For each sample and control(s), transfer minimum 10 μL of nucleic acids extracts in a tube or 96-plate and store the rest at a temperature below -15 °C or -65 °C.
- Incubate 3 minutes at +95 °C in a thermal cycler or heating block.
- Immediately transfer the tubes or 96-plate on melting ice or refrigerated block until use (to prevent RNA renaturation).
- To use, please refer to §« Amplification », Step 2.

## 3. Amplification

#### Warning:

- Before starting, rehydrate or thaw reagents at room temperature in the dark.
- Homogenize all reagents and samples before use.
- Store reagents at a temperature below -15 °C after use.

Step 1: Dispense 20 µL of amplification solution (A5) per well.

<u>Step 2:</u> Dispense 5  $\mu L$  of denatured nucleic acids extracts and 5  $\mu L$  of denatured controls in each dedicated well.

Use NF-Water for the No Template Control (NTC).

**Step 3:** Cover the wells with an appropriate optical film or caps.

Step 4: Start the PCR analysis.

The following programs are defined for ABI Prism thermocyclers (like 7500, QuantStudio5, Step-one...) from Applied Biosystems, for Mx3000, Mx3005P and AriaMx from Agilent, for LightCycler from Roche Diagnostics, for Rotor-Gene Q from Qiagen, for CFX96 and Chromo 4 from Biorad and for MIC from BioMolecular System.

RNA standard program		RNA FAST program		
10 min. 45 °C		10 min. 4	.5 ℃	
	10 min. 95 °C		10 min. 95 °C	
	15 sec. 95 °C*	40 avalos	5 sec. 95 °C	10 systes
	60 sec. 60 °C**	40 cycles	30 sec. 60 °C**	40 cycles

<sup>\*30</sup> sec. 95 °C for MX3000 and MX3005P

\*\* Reading and parameters for fluorescence acquisition:

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Fluorochrome	Absorbance (nm)	Emission (nm)	
FAM	494	520	
HEX or equivalent	530	549	
ROX	575	602	

**Note:** The Quencher is non-fluorescent. The A5 solution contains a passive reference read in the same spectra as ROX for ABI machines.

For other thermal cycler instruments, please contact your sales representative or the customer relations department.

## H. Interpretation of results

Display all curves and position the threshold line for each fluorochrome.

## 1. Test validation

Amplification is valid if the following results are obtained. Expected Ct (Threshold Cycle) values for the CTL+ are indicated on the certificate of analysis of the kit.

	Amplification		
Controls	FAM	HEX or equivalent	Validation of
No Template Control (NTC)	No	No	Absence of amplification contamination
BTV CTL+	Yes	No	Target amplification
Extraction negative control	No	No	Absence of extraction contamination
Extraction positive control	Yes	No	Extraction and amplification steps

### 2. Results interpretation

Nucleic acids extraction and amplification are **valid** for each sample if at least one typical amplification curve is observed in FAM and/or HEX or equivalent.

Amplific	cation	Interpretation
FAM	HEX or equivalent	BTV
No	Yes Ct < 35	Not detected
Yes, Ct < 34	Yes	Detected
Yes, 34 ≤ Ct < 40	Yes	Detected in small quantities
No	No/yes Ct ≥ 35	Not determined

**« Detected in small quantities »:** Infection status can't be given. Infection can be too young (viremia begin) or too old (BTV virus genome can be detected by bovine 200 days after infection and/or cure). Virus is then not infectious anymore.

### « Undetermined »: no characteristic amplification curve.

#### Possible causes

Defective PCR due to inhibitors, set up error, absence of samples, degraded samples and/or issue with nucleic acids extraction (loss or destruction of nucleic acids).

#### Recommendations:

Set up a new PCR assay using pure nucleic acids extracts and 5x dilutions in Nuclease-free water.

If the assay is inconclusive, perform a new nucleic acids extraction by diluting the blood with a 1/2 rate in PBS. And if the result is still undetermined, the sample will be considered as non-usable (inhibitors of PCR, lysed sample...). In this case, please contact the reference laboratory or authority of your country and ask for a new sample.

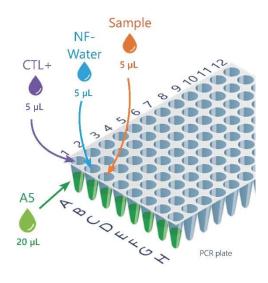
## **Symbols**

Symbols	Signification	
REF	Catalog number	
<b></b>	Manufacturer	
<b>∦</b>	Temperature limitation	
Ξ	Use by	
LOT	Batch code	
Ţį.	Consult Instructions for Use	
$\overline{\Sigma}$	Contain sufficient for "n" tests	
VET	For veterinary <i>in vitro</i> use only – For animal use only	
类	Keep away from sunlight	



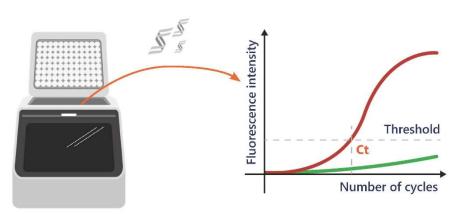
Distribute 20 μL of A5 amplification solution

Distribute 5 μL of nucleic acids, CTL+\*
and NF-Water
\*Previously denatured 3 min. 95°C



4 Seal the wells

5 Start PCR analysis



\*The notes do not replace the instructions for use of which they are a summary.

Contact us

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